

## Radio Communications Renewal MMC Qs

- 1-377B The regulations governing the frequencies of the bridge-to-bridge radiotelephone are issued by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Department of Transportation
  - B. Federal Communications Commission
  - C. U.S. Coast Guard
  - D. Department of Defense
- 3-517A The VHF radiotelephone calling/safety/distress frequency is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. 156.8 MHz (channel 16)
  - B. 156.7 MHz (channel 14)
  - C. 156.65 MHz (channel 13)
  - D. 156.6 MHz (channel 12)
- 4-537B What frequency has the FCC designated for the use of bridge-to-bridge radiotelephone communications?
- A. 156.275 MHz channel 65
  - B. 156.650 MHz channel 13
  - C. 157.000 MHz channel 28
  - D. 157.000 MHz channel 20
- 9-707D If your bridge-to-bridge radiotelephone ceases to operate, you must\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. immediately anchor your vessel and arrange for repairs to the system
  - B. moor your vessel at the nearest dock available and arrange for repairs to the system
  - C. arrange for the repair of the system to be completed within 48 hours
  - D. exercise due diligence to restore the system at the earliest practicable time
- 15-7355D When do you use your FCC call sign when transmitting on channel 16?
- A. Only at the beginning of a transmission
  - B. Only in an emergency
  - C. Only if asked by the U.S. Coast Guard
  - D. Always at the beginning and ending of a transmission
- 16-7427A What is the expected range of a VHF radio transmission from a vessel to a shore station?
- A. about 20 miles
  - B. 50 - 100 miles
  - C. 100 - 150 miles
  - D. 150 - 200 miles

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18-504C The 'preface word' used for the safety of navigation transmissions is \_\_\_\_.

- A. Mayday
- B. Pan-pan
- C. Securite
- D. Safety

19-524B The radiotelephone safety message urgently concerned with safety of a person would be prefixed by the word \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Mayday
- B. Pan-Pan
- C. Safety
- D. Interco

24-7353A The height of a VHF radio antenna is most important factor because \_\_\_\_.

- A. VHF communications are basically "line of sight"
- B. the air is more dense the higher you go
- C. salt water is a poor conductor of sound
- D. sea water absorbs the radiated energy